

Consider the following recursively defined function on strings:

$$\text{stutter}(w) := \begin{cases} \varepsilon & \text{if } w = \varepsilon \\ aa \cdot \text{stutter}(x) & \text{if } w = ax \text{ for some symbol } a \text{ and some string } x \end{cases}$$

Intuitively, $\text{stutter}(w)$ doubles every symbol in w . For example:

- $\text{stutter}(\text{PRESTO}) = \text{PPRREESSTTOO}$
- $\text{stutter}(\text{HOCUS} \diamond \text{POCUS}) = \text{HHOCCCUUSS} \diamond \text{PPOCCCUUSS}$

Let L be an arbitrary regular language.

1. Prove that the language $\text{stutter}^{-1}(L) := \{w \mid \text{stutter}(w) \in L\}$ is regular.
 2. Prove that the language $\text{stutter}(L) := \{\text{stutter}(w) \mid w \in L\}$ is regular.
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Work on these later:

3. Let L be an arbitrary regular language.
 - (a) Prove that the language $\text{insert}1(L) := \{x1y \mid xy \in L\}$ is regular.
Intuitively, $\text{insert}1(L)$ is the set of all strings that can be obtained from strings in L by inserting exactly one **1**. For example, if $L = \{\varepsilon, \text{OOK!}\}$, then $\text{insert}1(L) = \{1, \text{1OOK!}, \text{O1OK!}, \text{OO1K!}, \text{OOK1!}, \text{OOK!1}\}$.
 - (b) Prove that the language $\text{delete}1(L) := \{xy \mid x1y \in L\}$ is regular.
Intuitively, $\text{delete}1(L)$ is the set of all strings that can be obtained from strings in L by deleting exactly one **1**. For example, if $L = \{101101, 00, \varepsilon\}$, then $\text{delete}1(L) = \{01101, 10101, 10110\}$.
4. Consider the following recursively defined function on strings:

$$\text{evens}(w) := \begin{cases} \varepsilon & \text{if } w = \varepsilon \\ \varepsilon & \text{if } w = a \text{ for some symbol } a \\ b \cdot \text{evens}(x) & \text{if } w = abx \text{ for some symbols } a \text{ and } b \text{ and some string } x \end{cases}$$

Intuitively, $\text{evens}(w)$ skips over every other symbol in w . For example:

- $\text{evens}(\text{EXPELLIARMUS}) = \text{XELAMS}$
- $\text{evens}(\text{AVADA} \diamond \text{KEDAVRA}) = \text{VD} \diamond \text{EAR}$.

Once again, let L be an arbitrary regular language.

- (a) Prove that the language $\text{evens}^{-1}(L) := \{w \mid \text{evens}(w) \in L\}$ is regular.
- (b) Prove that the language $\text{evens}(L) := \{\text{evens}(w) \mid w \in L\}$ is regular.